



Criteria for Trauma Team Activation - TTA

Physiologic Criteria

- 1. Respiratory rate <10 or >29
 - 2. Systolic blood pressure <90
 - 3. Glasgow Coma Scale <13

Anatomic Criteria

1. Penetrating injuries to head, neck, chest, abdomen, groin, and extremities proximal to knee and elbow

- 2. Flail chest
- 3. Combination trauma with burns >20% of BSA
- 4. Unstable pelvic fracture
- 5. Traumatic Limb amputation and or paralysis
- 6. Multiple Proximal long-bone fractures

Mechanism

1. Trauma in Pregnancy with Major Mechanism at any stage

Other Criteria

1. In a multiple trauma scenario activate each patient

Trauma Team Consult (EP TTL only)

Mechanism - major mechanism signals major injuries

- 1. Fall >20 feet
- 2. MVC >65km/hr or rollover or ejection
 - Major deformity >50cm
 - Major intrusion >30cm
 - Extrication time >20 min
 - Death of passenger
- 3. Pedestrian struck >10km/hr or thrown >10ft or run over
- 4. Cyclist struck >10km/hr
- 5. Motorcyclist crash >30km/hr or separation from motorcycle
- 6. Major industrial accident
- 7. Significant assault

Other Considerations

1. Other significant co-morbidities

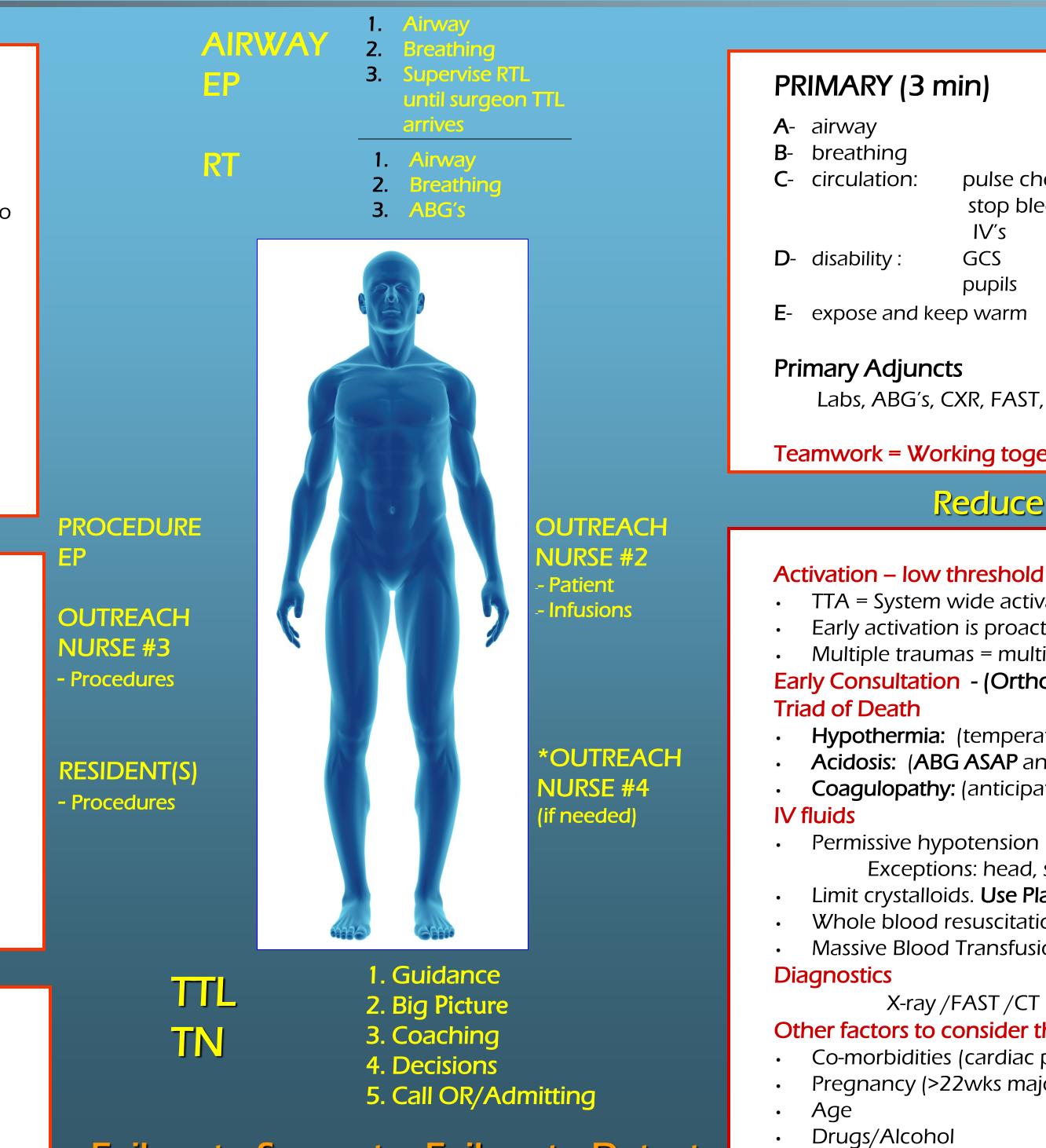
Triage: Pre-Hospital Report - MIST

Estimated Time of Arrival

- Mechanism Μ
- Injuries
- Signs /Symptoms
- Treatments

** Triage should ACTIVATE at time of pre-hospital notification if criteria is met

Trauma Team Activation - 888



Failure to Suspect = Failure to Detect





Team Management

- pulse check stop bleeding IV′s GCS pupils

SECONDARY (5-10 min)

- **F** full set of repeated vitals family presence focussed adjuncts
- **G** give comfort
- H- head to toe
- I- inspect posterior

Secondary Adjuncts (15 min)

CT/ Angio/ foley/ NG

Labs, ABG's, CXR, FAST, ETCO2

PLAN (30min): OR/ ICU/ Unit

Teamwork = Working together with good Communication towards a Common Goal

Reduce Morbidity and Mortality – Consider

TTA = System wide activation Early activation is proactive vs. reactive Multiple traumas = multiple activations (alerting system readiness) **Early Consultation** - (Ortho, Neuro, Spine, Angio)

Hypothermia: (temperature within 15 minutes) Acidosis: (ABG ASAP and second ABG at 20-30 minute mark) **Coagulopathy:** (anticipate and treat empirically)

Exceptions: head, spine, cardiac, pregnancy Limit crystalloids. Use Plasmalyte Whole blood resuscitation Massive Blood Transfusion Protocol Activation

X-ray /FAST /CT (RIPIT stable vs. unstable) Other factors to consider that may increase risks

Co-morbidities (cardiac pathology, coagulation, renal function) Pregnancy (>22wks major trauma = Level 1 trauma centre transfer)

Trauma Team notified:

- TTL
- X-Ray/ CT Tech
- ECG Tech
- RT
- OR CNL
- Radiology Res.
- Lab/Blood Bank
- Anesthesia
- Trauma Coordinator
- Gen/Vasc. Surg. Jr. Res.
- Gen. Surg. Sen. Res.
- Gen. Surg. Staff